

The U.S. and the World

The U.S.A.'s Role in the World

“For we must consider that we shall be as a City upon a hill. The eyes of all people are upon us.”

–John Winthrop, 1630



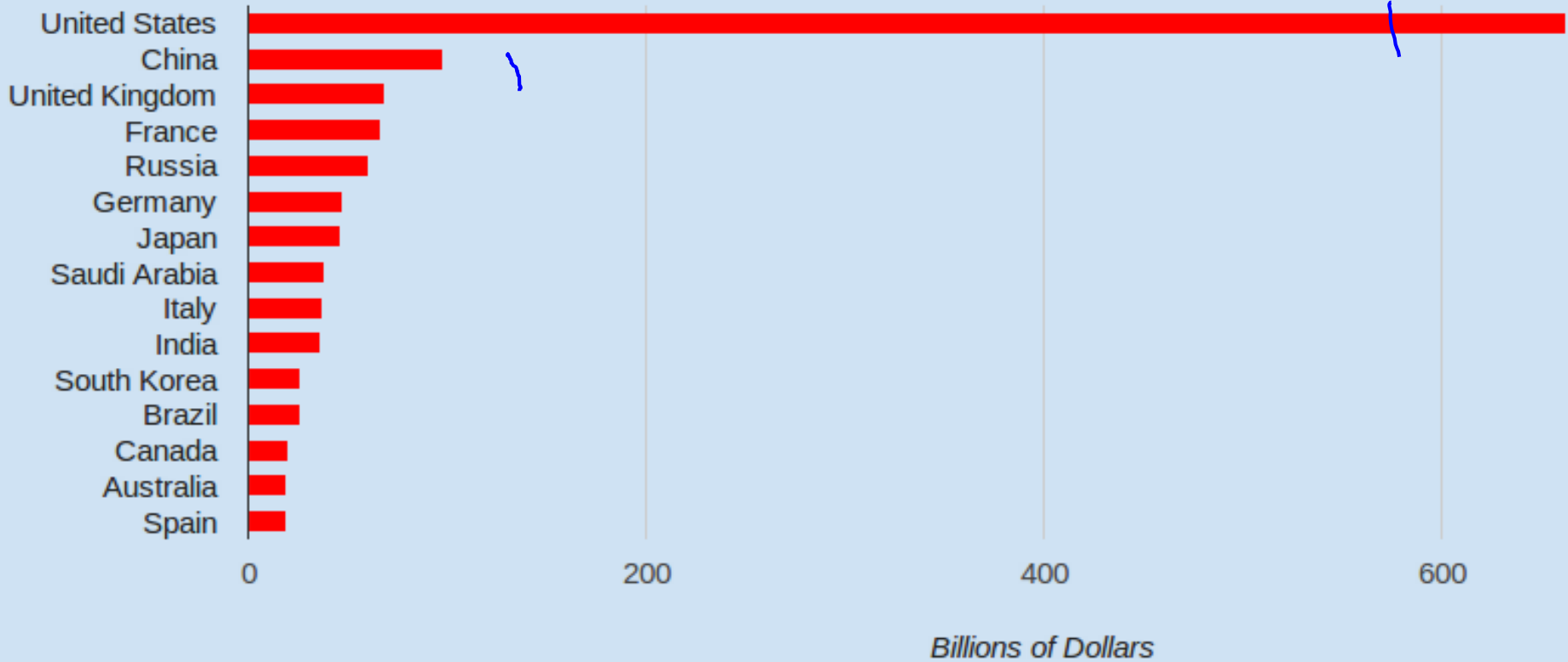
“The great rule of conduct for us, in regard to foreign nations, is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little political connection as possible. So far as we have already formed engagements, let them be fulfilled with perfect good faith. Here let us stop.”

-George Washington, 1796



Military Strength

2009 Defense Spending



Discretionary Spending 2015: \$1.11 trillion

Government

\$72.9 billion / 7%

Education

\$70 billion / 6%

Medicare & Health

\$66 billion / 6%

Veterans Benefits

\$65.3 billion / 6%

Housing & Community

\$63.2 billion / 6%

International Affairs

\$40.9 billion / 4%

Energy & Environment

\$39.1 billion / 4%

Science

\$29.7 billion / 3%

Social Security, Unemployment, & Labor

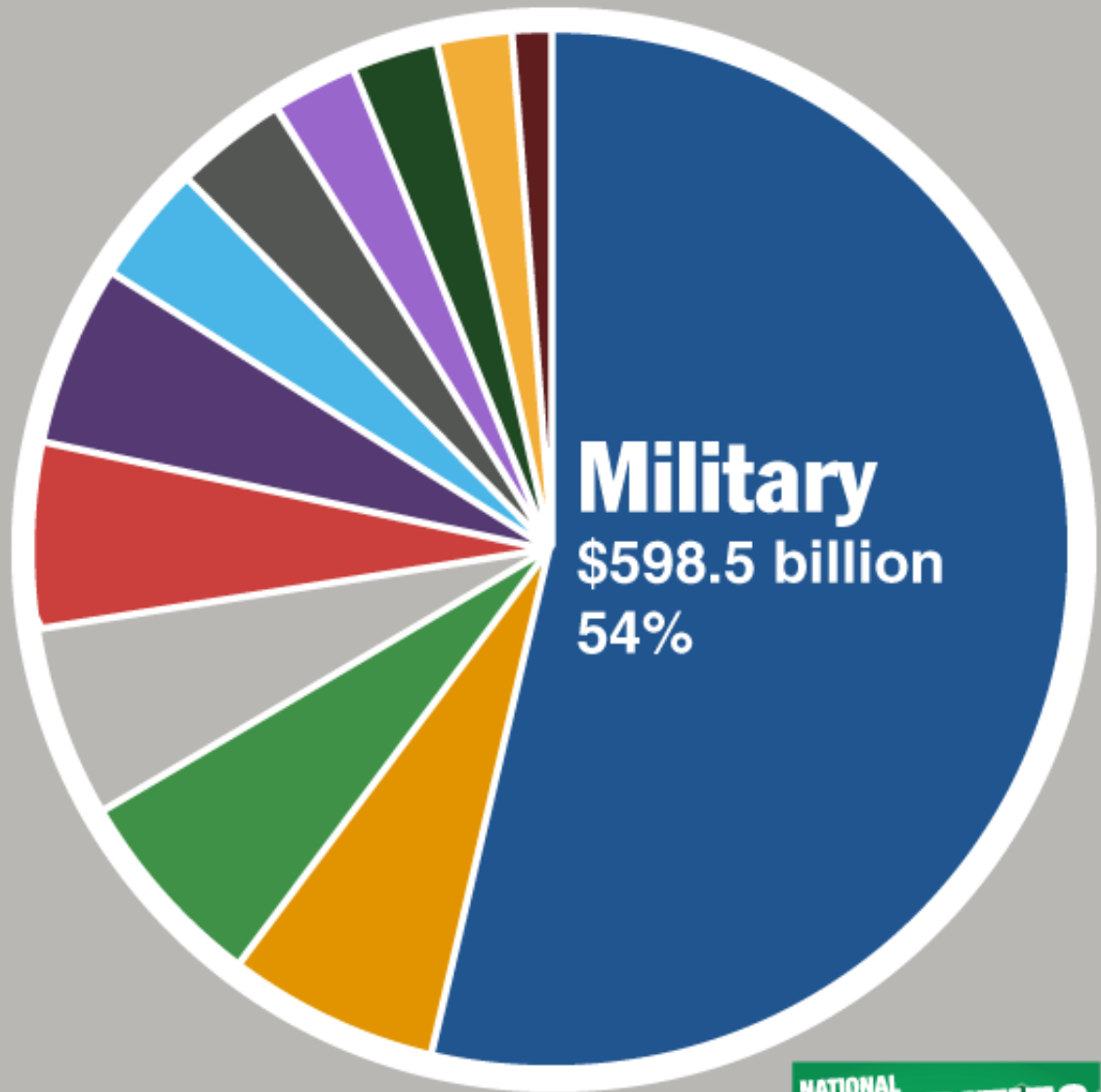
\$29.1 billion / 3%

Transportation

\$26.3 billion / 2%

Food & Agriculture

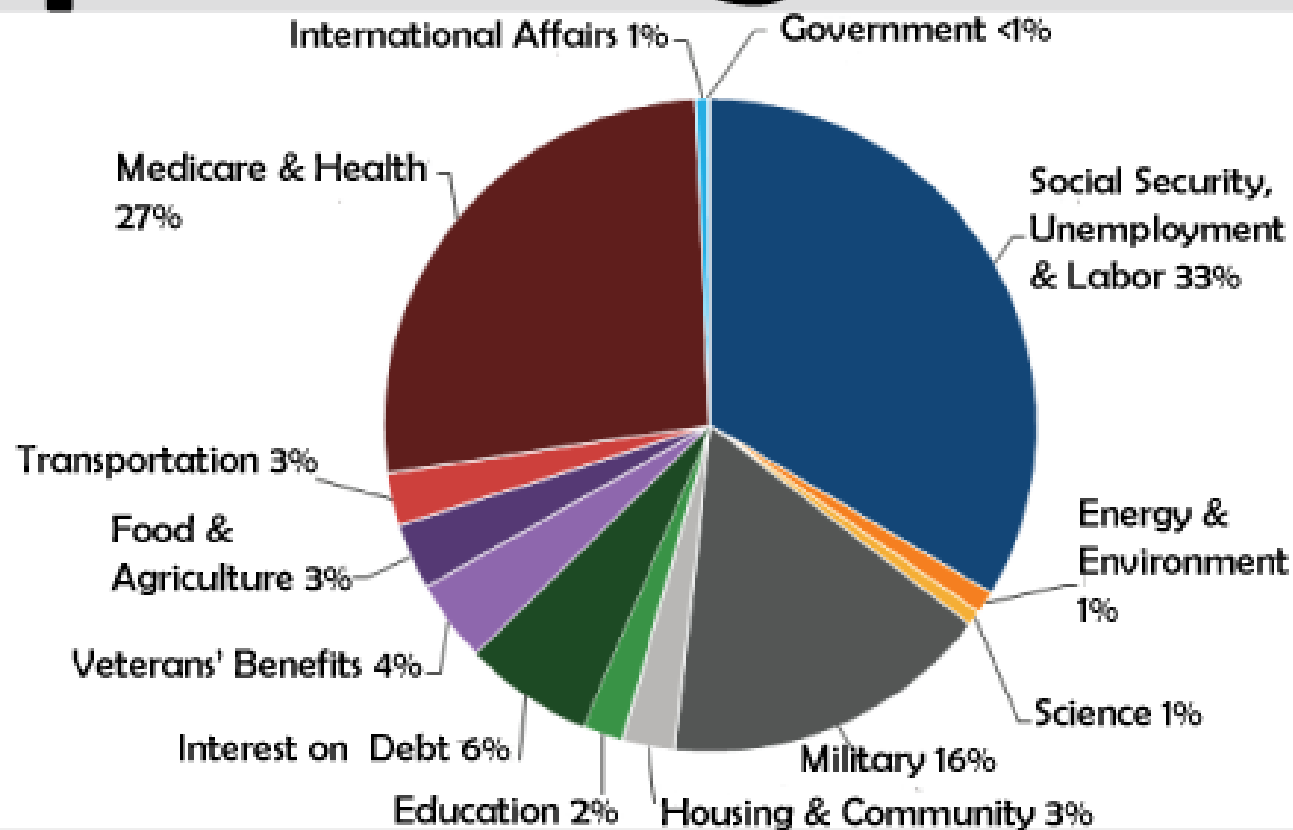
\$13.1 billion / 1%



Total Spending 2015

**NATIONAL
PRIORITIES
PROJECT**

30th
ANNIVERSARY



President Obama proposes \$3.97 trillion in total spending.

More Info: <http://bit.ly/2015BudgetCharts>

Source: OMB

U.S. Military Presence Around the World

US military presence overseas



● Country with US Military Base

● Country with Access Arrangement

● Country with other Forms of Military Cooperation

Target of Terrorist Plots



No Longer At War...



But Still Fighting Terror



Tensions With North Korea and Iran



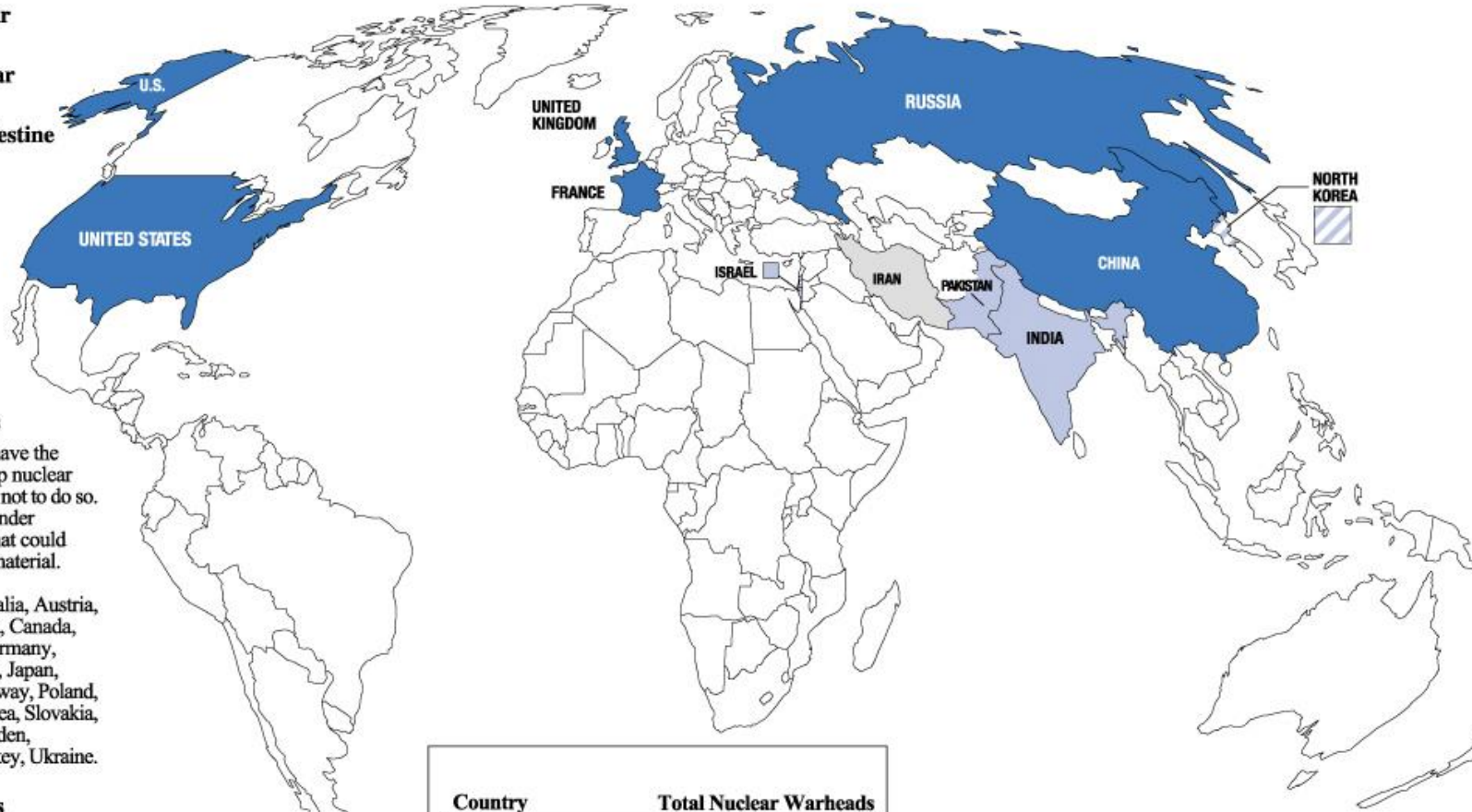
...And Russia



[News Report](#)

NUCLEAR WEAPON STATUS 2005

- NPT Nuclear Weapon States
- Non-NPT Nuclear Weapon States
- Suspected Nuclear Weapon States
- Suspected Clandestine Programs



Abstaining Countries

The following countries have the potential ability to develop nuclear weapons, but have chosen not to do so. Some have installations under international inspection that could produce weapons-grade material.

Algeria, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Canada, Chile, Egypt, Finland, Germany, Hungary, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Romania, Republic of Korea, Slovakia, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Turkey, Ukraine.

Recent Renunciations

South Africa produced six complete nuclear bombs during the 1980's, but renounced such activities and joined the NPT in 1991. Belarus, Kazakhstan, and Ukraine acceded to the NPT as non-nuclear weapon states and returned all remaining nuclear weapons to Russia in the early 1990's.

Egypt and Sweden both had active nuclear weapon programs but terminated them prior to the founding of the NPT in 1970. After 1970, Argentina, Brazil, Libya, Iraq, Romania, South Korea, Spain, Taiwan, and Yugoslavia all had active programs researching nuclear weapons options. All of these programs were terminated by the early 1990's, except for Libya's, which was renounced in December 2003.

Country	Total Nuclear Warheads
China	410
France	350
India	75-110 ¹
Israel	100-170 ²
Pakistan	50-110 ³
Russia	~16,000
United Kingdom	200
United States	~10,300
Total	~27,600

1. India is thought to have produced enough weapons-grade plutonium to produce between 75 and 110 nuclear weapons. The number of actual weapons assembled or capable of being assembled is unknown. No weapons are known to be deployed among active military units or on missiles.

2. Israel is thought to possess enough nuclear material for between 100 and 170 nuclear weapons. The number of weapons assembled or capable of being assembled is unknown, but likely to be on the lower end of this range.

3. Pakistan may have produced enough weapons-grade uranium to produce up to 110 nuclear weapons. The number of actual weapons assembled or capable of being assembled is unknown. Pakistan's nuclear weapons are reportedly stored in component form, with the fissile core separated from the non-nuclear explosives.

Consider This!

- As we conduct a chronological study of foreign policy and war, you should know/analyze/understand
 - What was done, and by whom: key events and people
 - What was it like?
 - Are we the good guys? Consider the motivation behind U.S. foreign policy decisions

Issues to Choose From

- Why do they hate us?
 - An examination of the history of U.S. involvement in the Middle East and the rise of terror groups there
- Friends and Foes
 - A study of U.S. relations with certain key allies, enemies, and competitors and the history behind them(e.g. China, Great Britain, Iran, Cuba, North Korea, Israel)
- Are we the good guys?
 - An investigation into what has motivated U.S. foreign policy in the past and present
- Brother can you spare a dime?
 - An analysis of U.S. foreign aid
- Apocalypse Now
 - An exploration of the issue of nuclear weapons and the nuclear capabilities of countries today

The First 100 Years

Foreign Policy in the Early Years

- Conflict between France and Britain challenges U.S. commitment to neutrality
 - Both countries seize American ships
 - British “impress” Americans into service
- U.S. tries several strategies
 - Threaten to embargo country that keeps stopping American ships
 - Embargo both nations
 - Offer to lift embargo on country that agrees to allow free shipping

The Mexican-American War (1846-1848)

- Causes
 - U.S. annexes Texas
 - Dispute over Texas-Mexico southern border
 - U.S. tries to buy California (Mexican president refuses to meet with U.S. officials)
- The war begins
 - The U.S. sends troops into disputed territory, baiting Mexico to attack
 - “American blood has been spilled on American soil!”
 - President James K. Polk

The Mexican-American War

- U.S. captures Santa Fe and Monterey, CA and Monterrey, Mexico in the summer of 1846
- People in Northern California revolt against Mexican government
- U.S. captures Mexico City September, 1847
- Treaty of Guadalupe Hildalgo
 - Mexico gives up modern California, Utah, New Mexico, Nevada, Arizona, claims on Texas
 - U.S. pays \$15 million
- [Map in Motion](#)

Imperialism and the “War to End All War”

1853-1920

1853: Commodore Matthew Perry Forces Japan Open



Hawai'i

- American missionaries had arrived in 1812
- Missionaries and their descendants quickly buy up land and establish large, extremely profitable plantations
- Strategically important for other reasons (Google Earth)
- U.S. takeover



Late 1800's: Leaders Want War



Cuban Rebellion

PUCK.



Copyright, 1895, by KAPPLER & SCHWARTZMAN.

JOHN R. SWEENEY FOR PUCK MAGAZINE

THE DUTY OF THE HOUR:—TO SAVE HER NOT ONLY FROM SPAIN, BUT FROM A WORSE FATE.

\$50,000 REWARD.—WHO DESTROYED THE MAINE?—\$50,000 REWARD.

EDITION FOR GREATER NEW YORK

NEW YORK JOURNAL AND ADVERTISER.



The Journal will give \$50,000 for information furnished to it accurately, that will enable the person or persons who read the Maine.



The Journal will give \$50,000 for information furnished to it accurately, that will enable the person or persons who read the Maine.

NO. 1,572.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1904.—16 PAGES.

PRICE ONE CENT

DESTRUCTION OF THE WAR SHIP MAINE WAS THE WORK OF AN ENEMY

\$50,000!
\$50,000 REWARD!
For the Detection of the
Perpetrator of
the Maine Outrage!

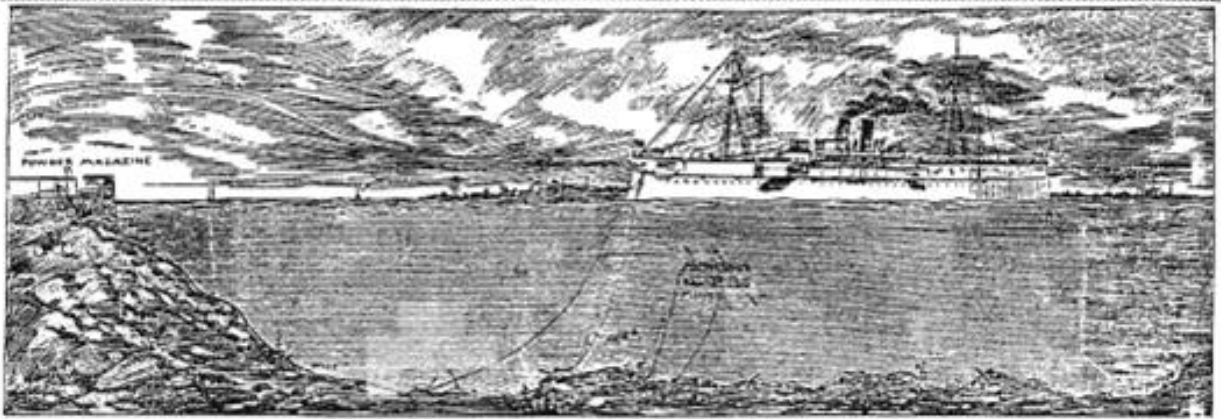
The New York Journal today offers a reward of \$50,000 CASH for information, FURNISHED TO IT ACCURATELY, which will lead to the detection and conviction of the person, persons or persons who are responsible for the explosion which resulted in the destruction of the United States war ship Maine near the mouth of Havana harbor. The \$50,000 CASH is offered for the accurate information in all languages which will lead to the detection and conviction of the person, persons or persons who are responsible for the explosion which resulted in the destruction of the United States war ship Maine near the mouth of Havana harbor. The \$50,000 CASH is offered for the accurate information in all languages which will lead to the detection and conviction of the person, persons or persons who are responsible for the explosion which resulted in the destruction of the United States war ship Maine near the mouth of Havana harbor. FOR THE PERPETRATOR OF THIS OUTRAGE—\$50,000 REWARD.

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt
Convinced the Explosion of
the War Ship Was Not
an Accident.

The Journal Offers \$50,000 Reward for the
Conviction of the Criminals Who Sent
258 American Sailors to Their Death.
Naval Officers Unanimous That
the Ship Was Destroyed
on Purpose.

\$50,000!
\$50,000 REWARD!
For the Detection of the
Perpetrator of
the Maine Outrage!

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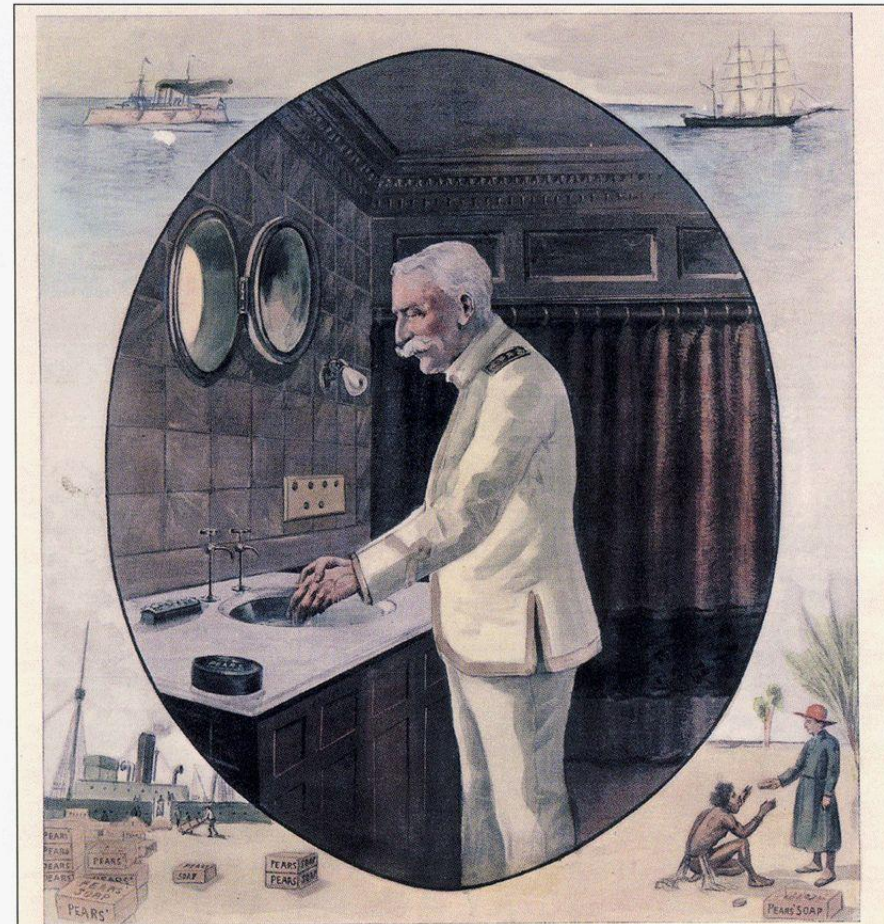
NAVAL OFFICERS THINK THE MAINE WAS DESTROYED BY A SPANISH MINE.

George Eugene Brown, the Journal's special correspondent at Havana, calls this is the most serious opinion as many Spaniards in the Cuban capital think the Maine was destroyed and not of her crew killed for cause of a submarine mine, or from torpedo. This is the opinion of several American naval authorities. The Spaniards, it is believed, arranged to have the Maine anchored near one of the harbor mines. To save themselves the mine was exploded by means of a submarine mine. The Spaniards were in the harbor when the mine was exploded. The Spaniards were in the harbor when the mine was exploded. The Spaniards were in the harbor when the mine was exploded.

Hidden Mine or a Sunken Torpedo Believed to Have Been the Weapon Used Against the American Man-of-War—Officers and Men Tell Thrilling Stories of Being Blown Into the Air Amid a Mass of Shattered Steel and Exploding Shells—Survivors Brought to Key West Scout the Idea of Accident—Spanish Officials Protest Too Much—Our Cabinet Orders a Searching Inquiry—Journal Sends Divers to Havana to Report Upon the Condition of the Wreck.

The Philippines: What to Do?

- The White Man's Burden
- The Brown Man's Burden



The first step towards lightening

The White Man's Burden

is through teaching the virtues of cleanliness.

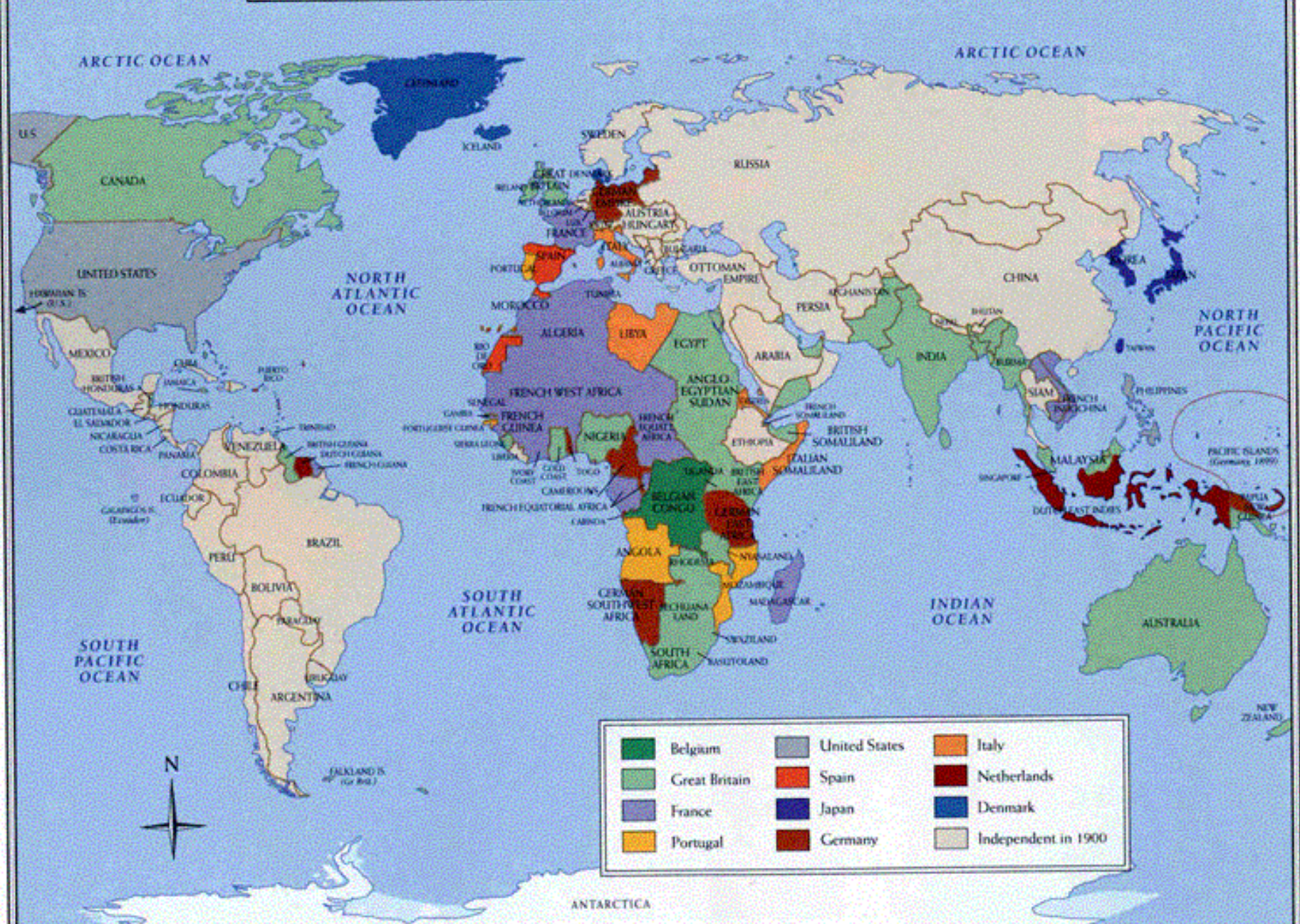
Pears' Soap

is a potent factor in brightening the dark corners of the earth as civilization advances, while amongst the cultured of all nations it holds the highest place—it is the ideal toilet soap.

Building Support for Imperialism

- Imperialism: the economic and political domination of a strong nation over weaker ones
- Why imperialism?
 - Resources
 - Markets
 - Social Darwinism and a feeling of superiority

IMPERIALISM IN THE MODERN WORLD, 1900



 Belgium	 United States	 Italy
 Great Britain	 Spain	 Netherlands
 France	 Japan	 Denmark
 Portugal	 Germany	 Independent in 1900

“Of course, the best that can happen to any people that has not already a high civilization of its own is to assimilate and profit by American or European ideas...the prerequisite condition to the moral and material advance of the peoples who dwell in the darker corners of the Earth.”

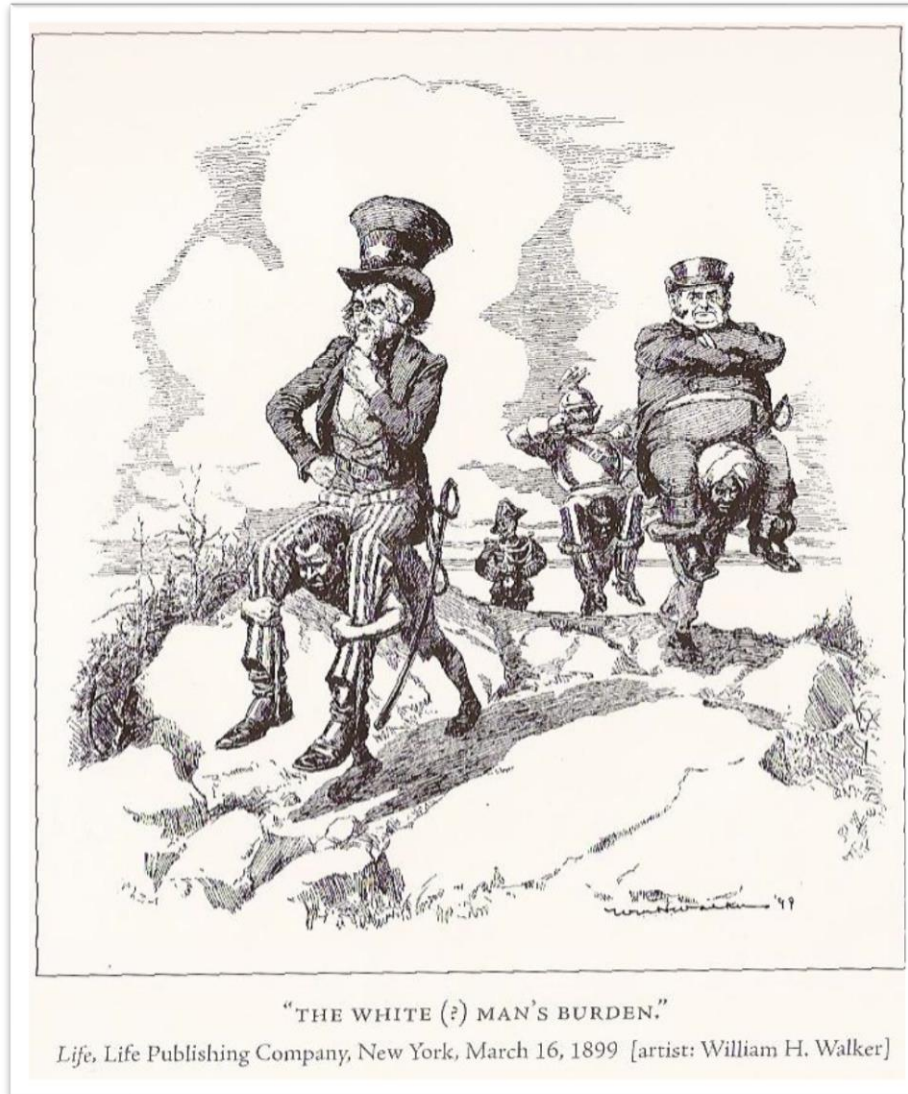
-Theodore Roosevelt



1. Judge, 1899



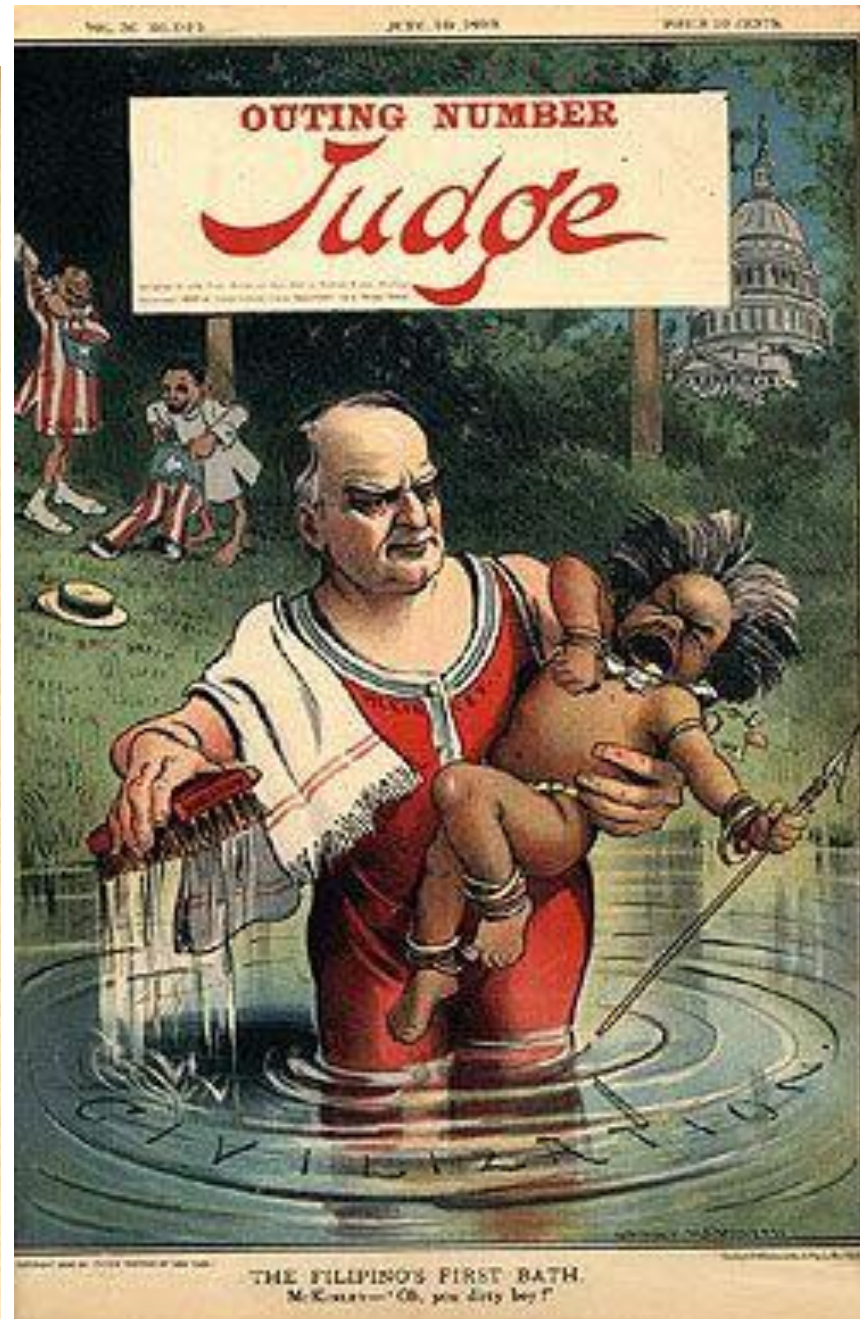
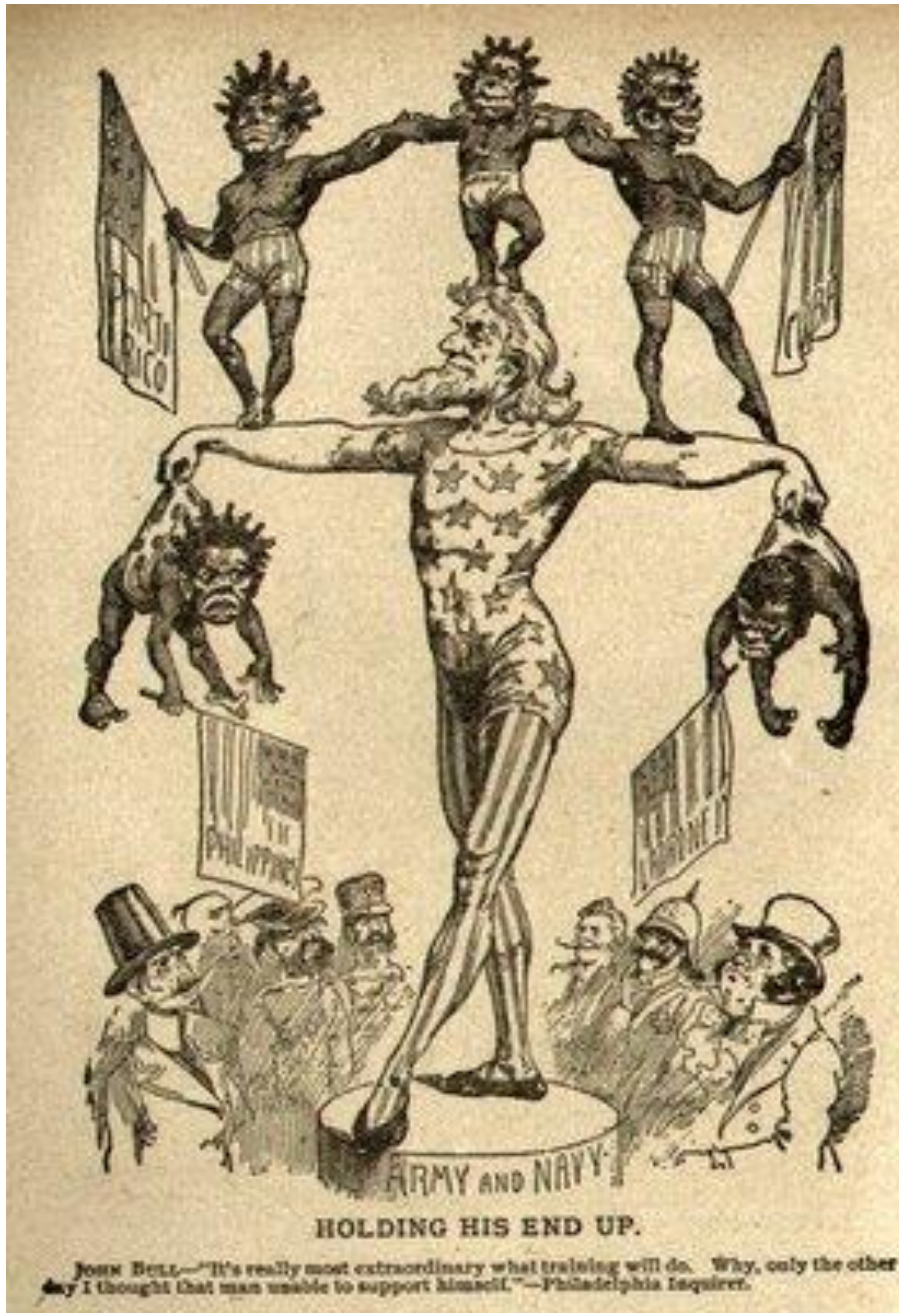
2. *Life*, 1899



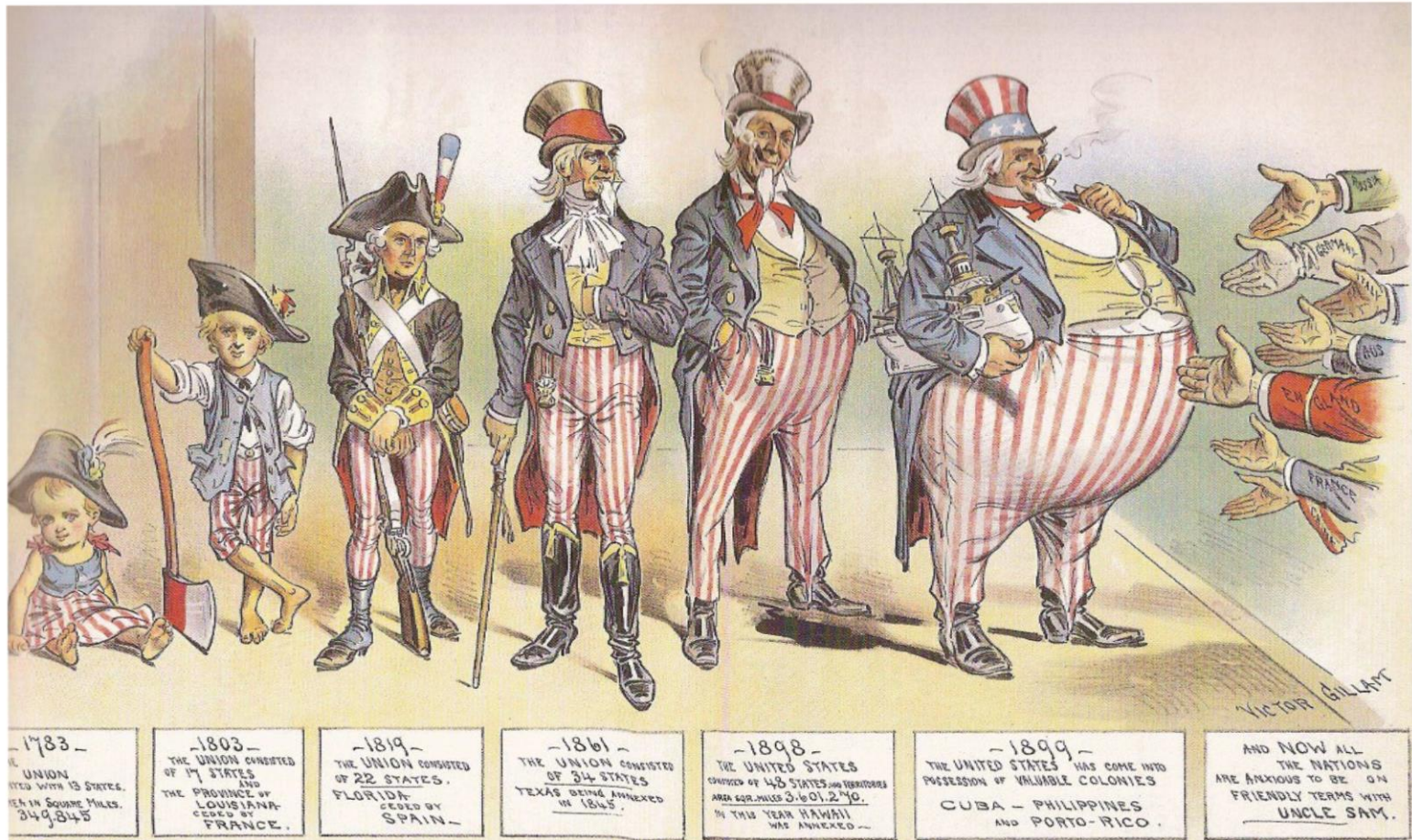
"THE WHITE (z) MAN'S BURDEN."

Life, Life Publishing Company, New York, March 16, 1899 [artist: William H. Walker]

3



4. Judge, 1899

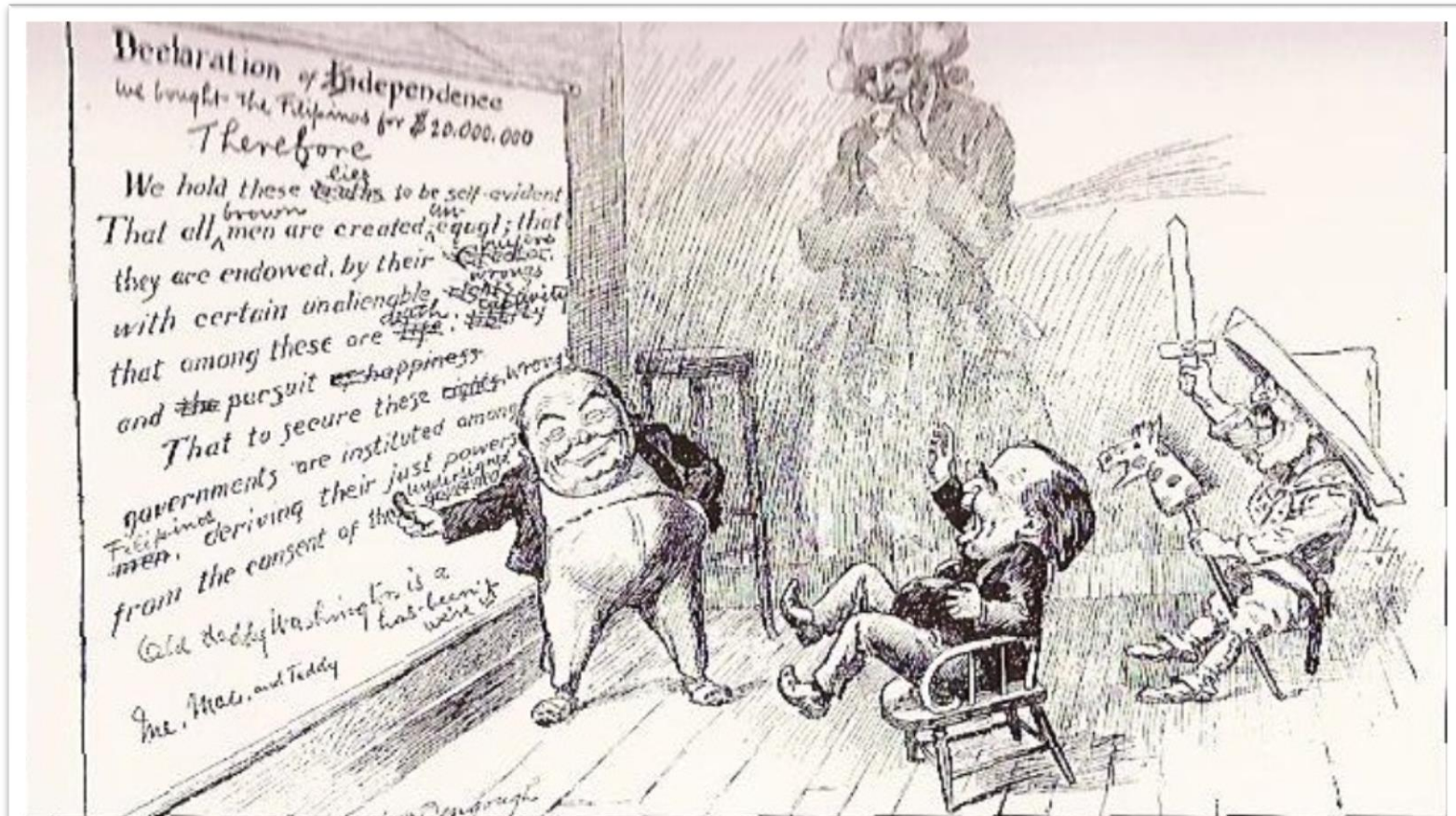


"A LESSON FOR ANTI-EXPANSIONISTS."

"Showing how Uncle Sam has been an expansionist first, last, and all the time."

Judge, Arkell Publishing Company, New York, 1899 [artist: Victor Gillam]

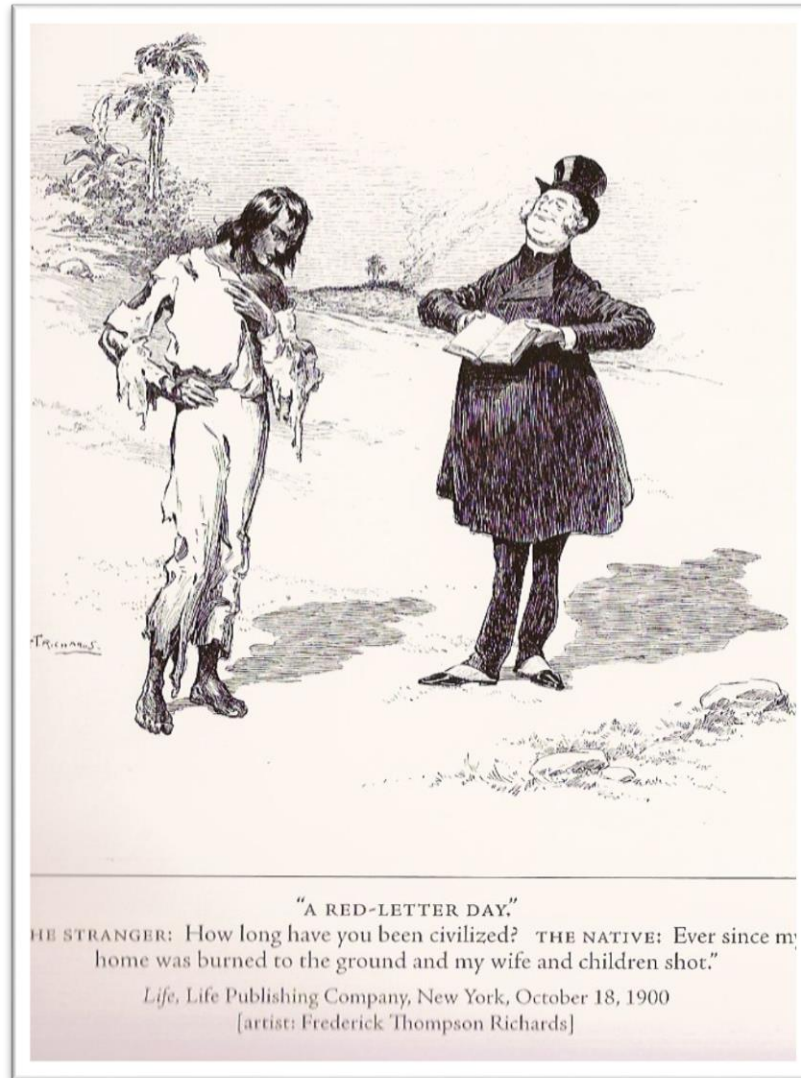
5. Life, 1900



"FUN FOR THE BOYS." ¹

Life, Life Publishing Company, New York, August 23, 1900
{artist: William Bengough}

6. *Life*, 1900



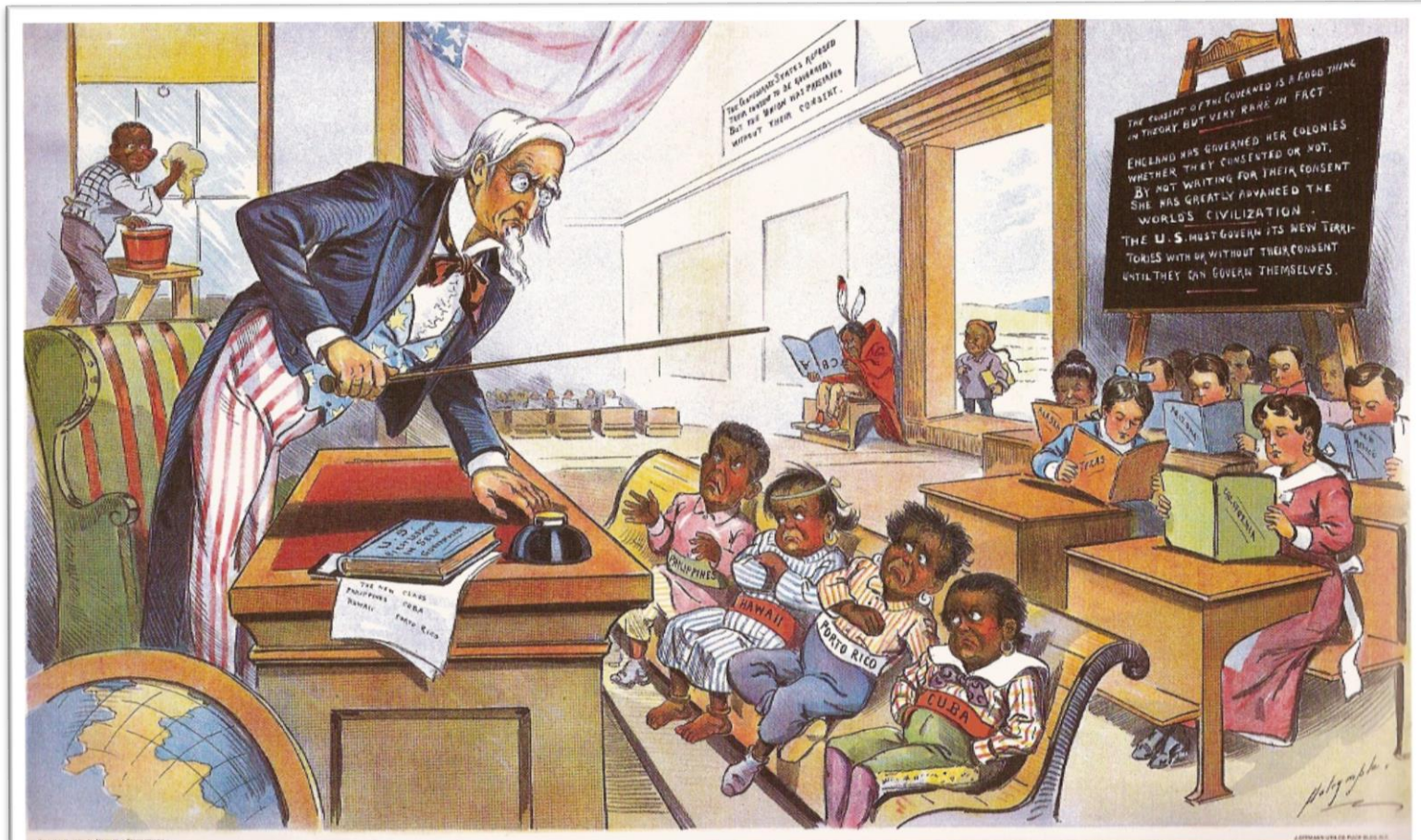
"A RED-LETTER DAY."

THE STRANGER: How long have you been civilized? THE NATIVE: Ever since my home was burned to the ground and my wife and children shot."

Life, Life Publishing Company, New York, October 18, 1900

[artist: Frederick Thompson Richards]

7. Puck, 1899



"SCHOOL BEGINS."

"Uncle Sam (to his new class in Civilization)—Now, children, you've got to learn these lessons whether you want to or not! But just take a look at the class ahead of you, and remember that, in a little while, you will feel glad to be here as they are!"

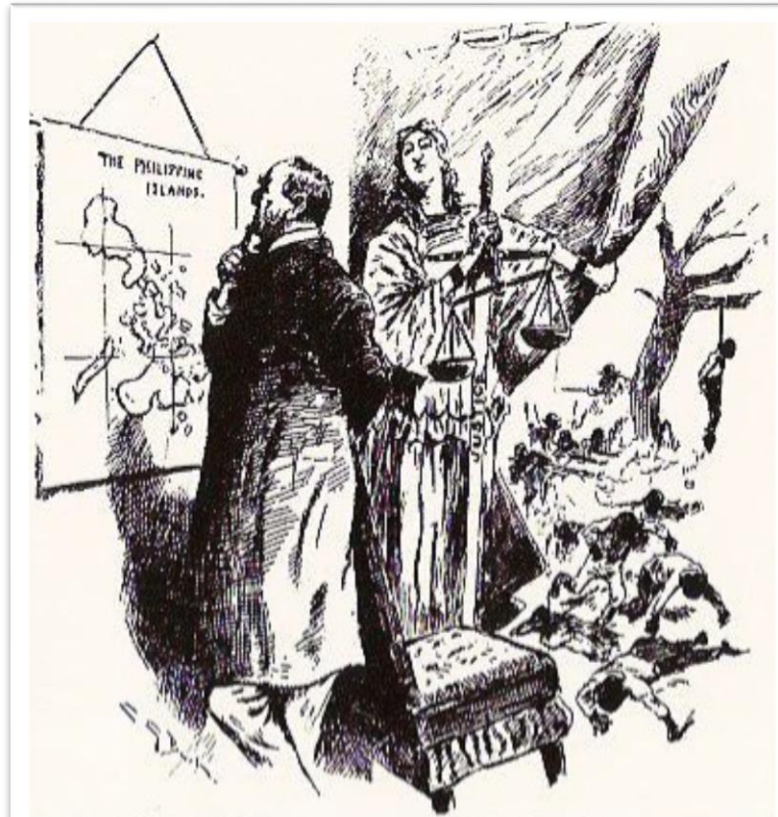
8. *Judge*, 1899



"HE WOULDN'T TAKE IT ANY OTHER WAY."

Judge, Arkell Publishing Company, New York, March 4, 1899 [artist: Victor Gillam]

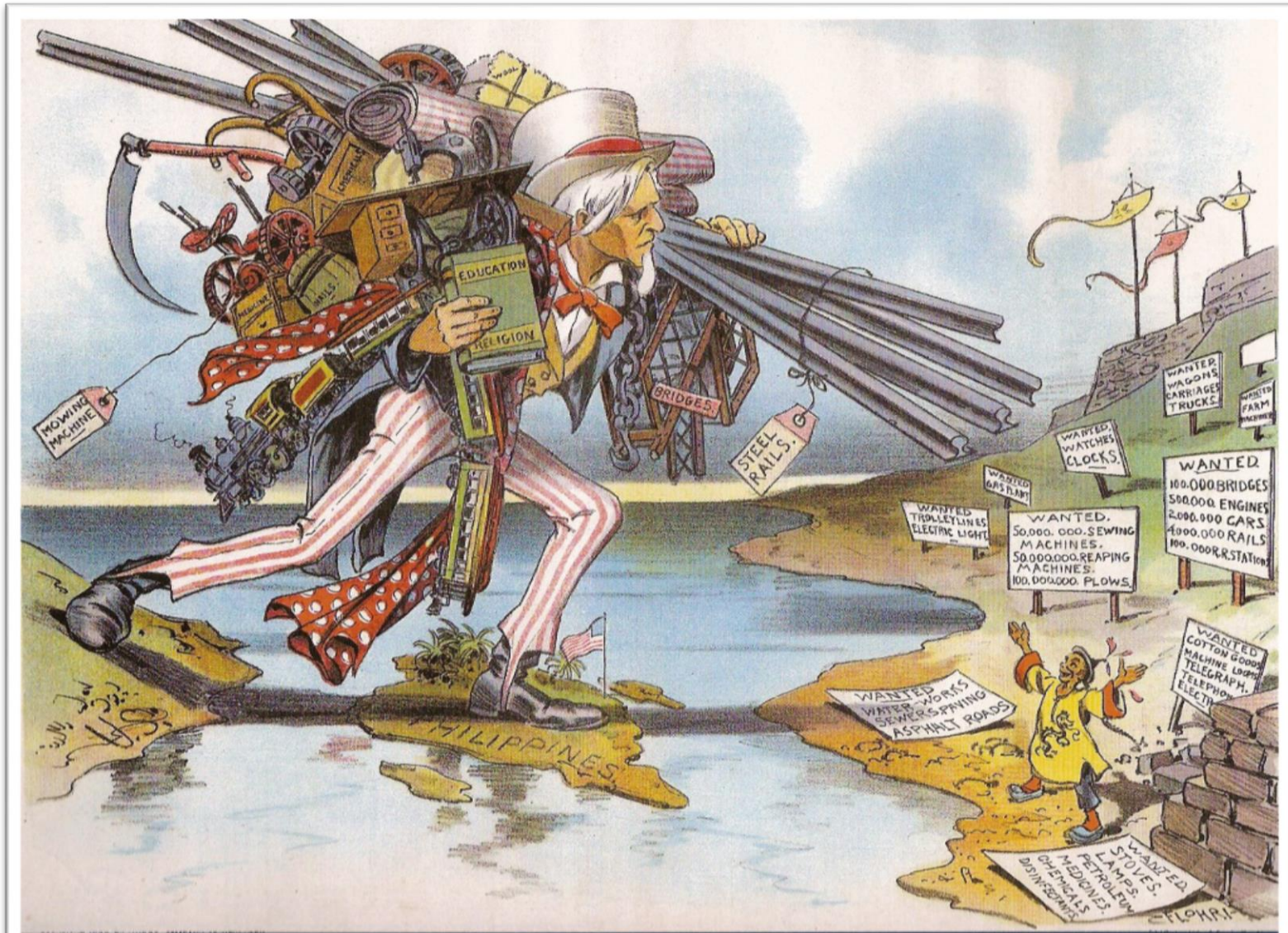
9. *The World*, 1898



“CIVILIZATION BEGINS AT HOME.”

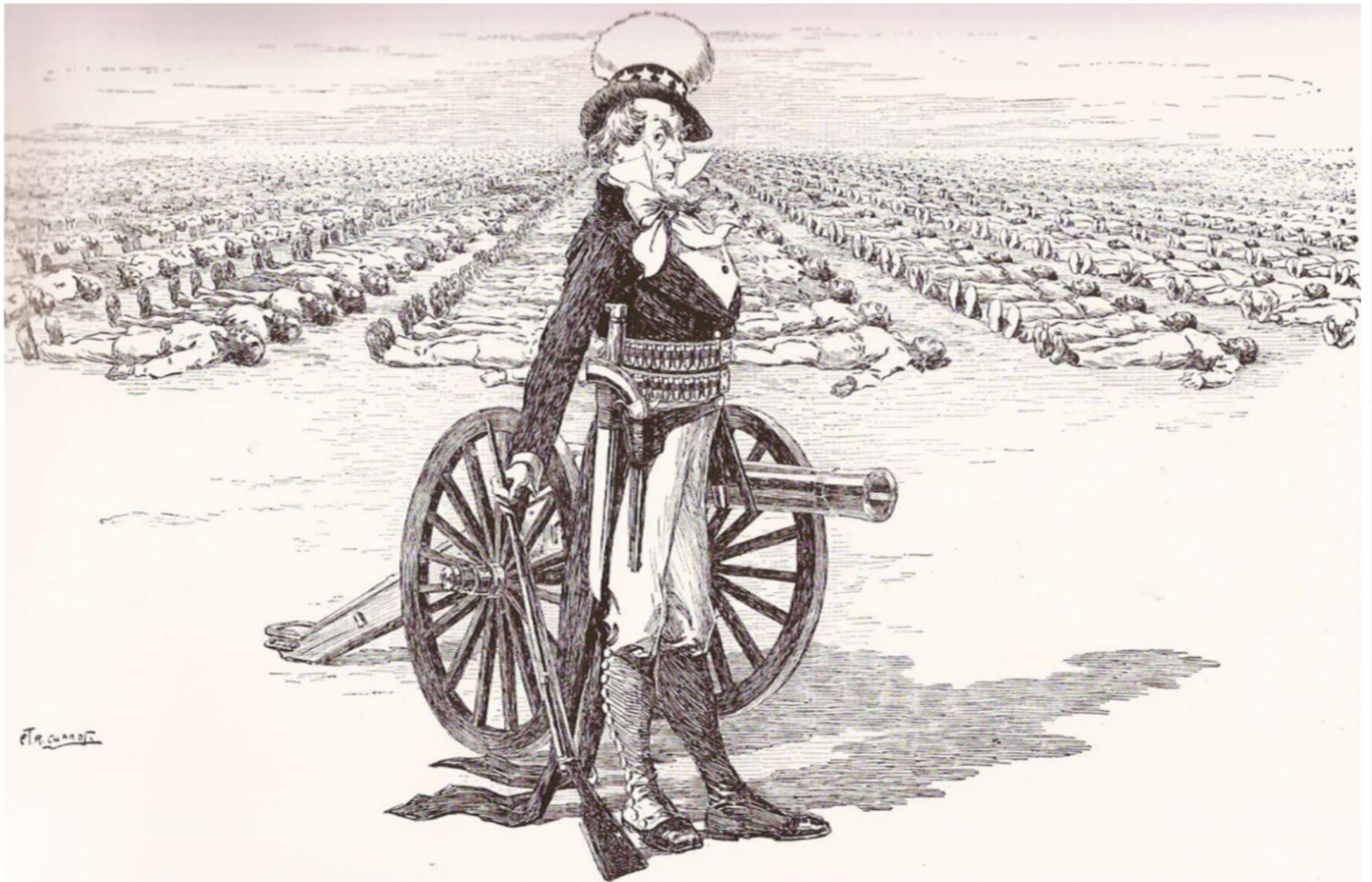
The World (New York), also published in *The Literary Digest*, Vol. XXVII, No. 22, November 26, 1898 [artist: Charles Green Bush]

10. Judge, 1900



"AND, AFTER ALL, THE PHILIPPINES ARE ONLY THE STEPPING-STONE TO CHINA."

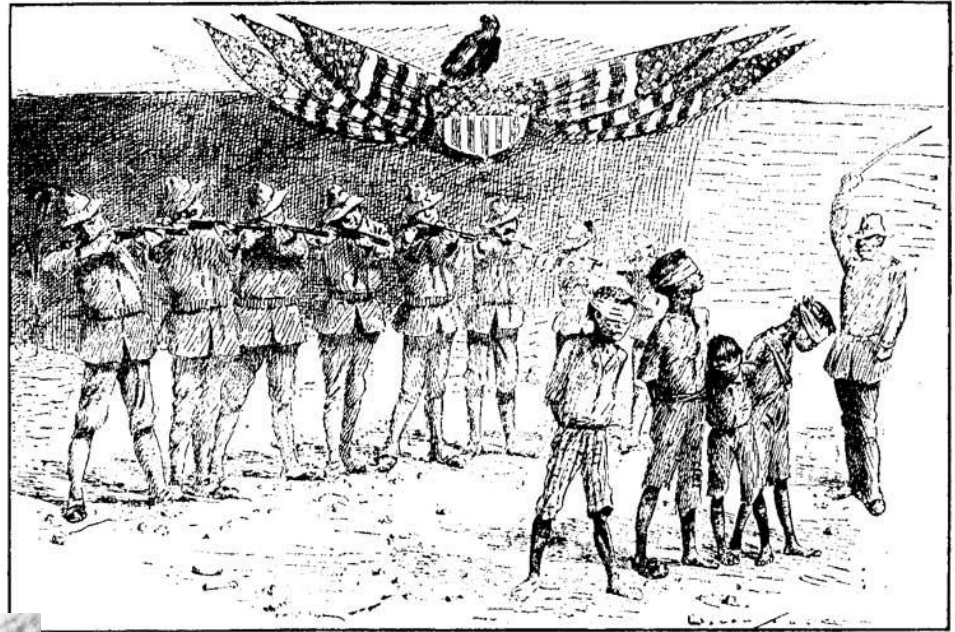
11. *Life*, 1899



"THE HARVEST IN THE PHILIPPINES."

Life, Life Publishing Company, New York, July 6, 1899 [artist: Frederick Thompson Richards]

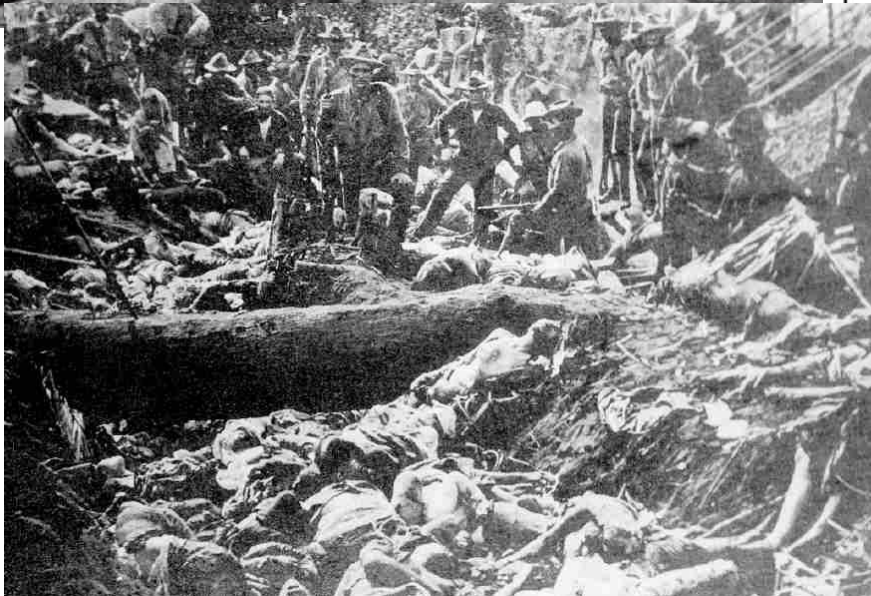
Civilizing the Philippines



"KILL EVERY ONE OVER TEN."

Criminals because they were born ten years before we took the Philippines.

The New York Evening Journal.



"No cruelty is too severe
for these brainless
monkeys."

-U.S. army private

Other Foreign Policy Events During the Imperialism and WWI Period

- “Open Door Policy” in China



RUSSIA

L. Baikal

In June 1900, Boxer rebels attack foreign compounds in Peking and Tientsin.

CHINA

KOREA

JAPAN

TIBET
SIKKIM
NEPAL

BRITISH INDIA

BHUTAN

BURMA

SIAM

FRENCH INDOCHINA

Empire	Sphere of Influence
	British
	French
	Japanese
	Russian
	German

0 1000 kilometers
0 1000 miles
Miller projection

What Was the Open Door Policy?



▲ Secretary of State John Hay

1. Within its sphere of influence, each power agreed not to interfere with any existing business interests or port treaties of other powers.
2. Existing Chinese tariffs would remain unchanged in all spheres of influence and would be collected by the Chinese government.
3. Within each sphere of influence, harbor fees and railroad charges would be the same for all countries, giving no special rates to the countries whose businesses owned and operated the harbors and railroads.

Other Foreign Policy Events During the Imperialism and WWI Period

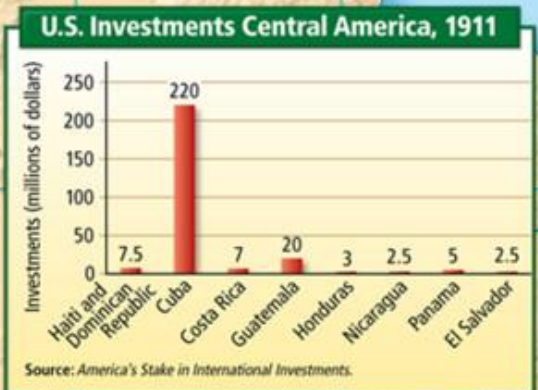
- Teddy Roosevelt's foreign relations policy:
"Speak softly and carry a big stick."



Other Foreign Policy Events During the Imperialism and WWI Period

- The Monroe Doctrine and the Roosevelt Corollary
 - The U.S. alone would intervene in Latin America
- Latin American interventions

The Roosevelt Corollary and Dollar Diplomacy 1903–1934



0 400 kilometers
0 400 miles
Miller projection

Imperialism and WWI Quiz

- Foreign policy in China and Latin America
 - Open Door Policy
 - Monroe Doctrine and Roosevelt Corollary
- Annexation of Hawaii
- Spanish-American War
- World War 1
- Wilson's Fourteen Points